Ensuring Safe Evacuation – The Next Steps

John P. Noone BSc (Hons) CEng MIEI

Email: john.noone@arup.com

SDIB Doha, June 2014





Learning Objectives

- Understand the Strategic role of a fire engineer all stages
- Understand alternative methods and approaches to design and validate safe egress solutions
- Understand value of Performance Based Design in large public assembly projects v prescriptive code approach
- Introduction to Software Tools for Evacuation Modelling

Overview / Summary

Section 1: Prescriptive Code Vs Performance Based Design

- Performance Based Design Fire Engineering
- Fire Safety Code guidance

Section 2: MassMotion – evacuation modelling

- The Software
- Applications

Section 3: Case Studies

Evacuation modelling

John Noone – Speaker Bio

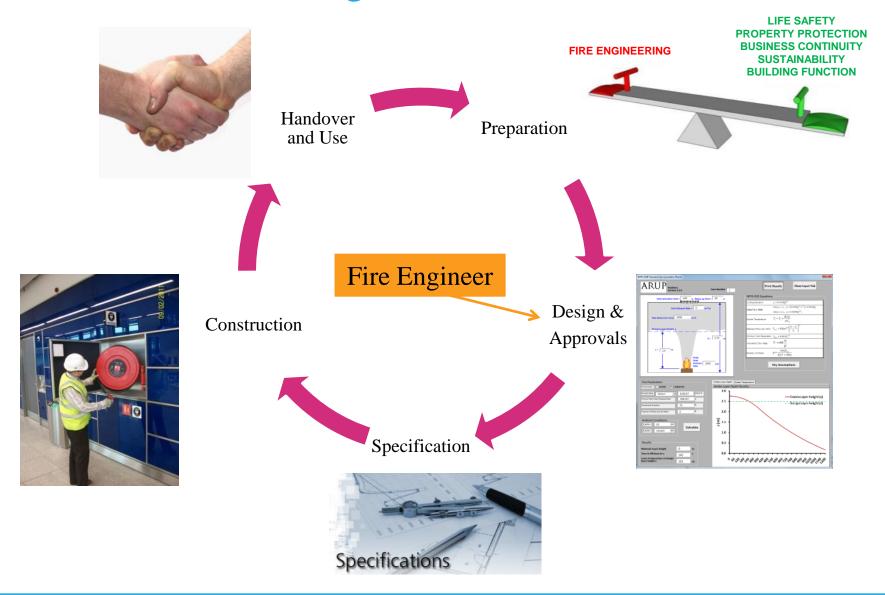
John is an Associate Fire Safety Engineer in Arup's Dubai Office. A Chartered Fire Safety Engineer he hold a BSc Hons in Fire Safety Engineering.

John has gained a wide range of experience in fire engineering in Middle East, Africa, UK, Ireland, Russia and across Continental Europe .

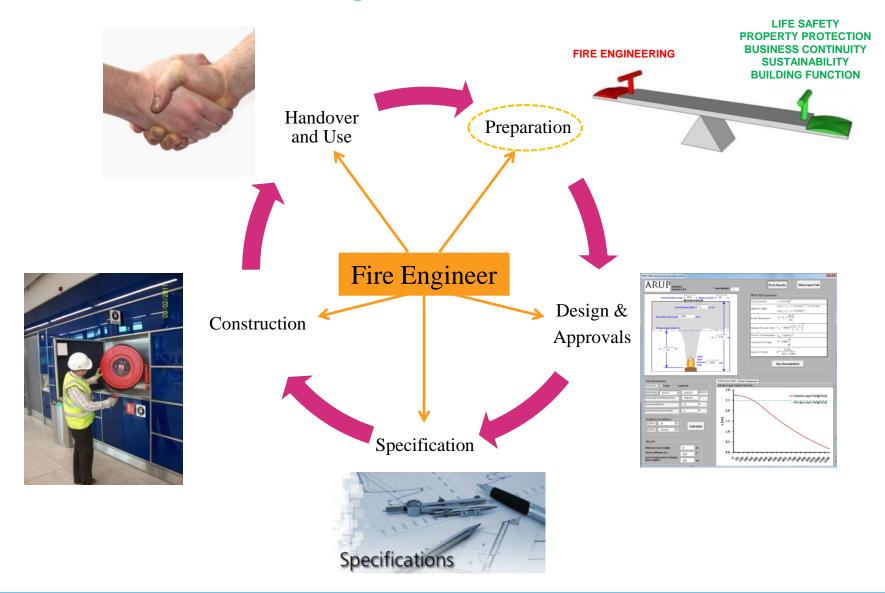
He specialises in fire safety design, on-site implementation and handover of transportation, residential, commercial, industrial and assembly buildings.

John is a visiting lecturer at Trinity College Dublin on the fundamentals of fire safety science and fire dynamics.

The role of a Fire engineer



The role of a Fire engineer



Message 1:

Early consultation and an integrated and coordinated approach are critical to ensure a successful strategy.





Validating Egress Strategy

Overview

Section 1: Prescriptive Code Vs Performance Based Design

- Performance Based Design Fire Engineering
- Fire Safety Code guidance

Section 2: MassMotion – evacuation modelling

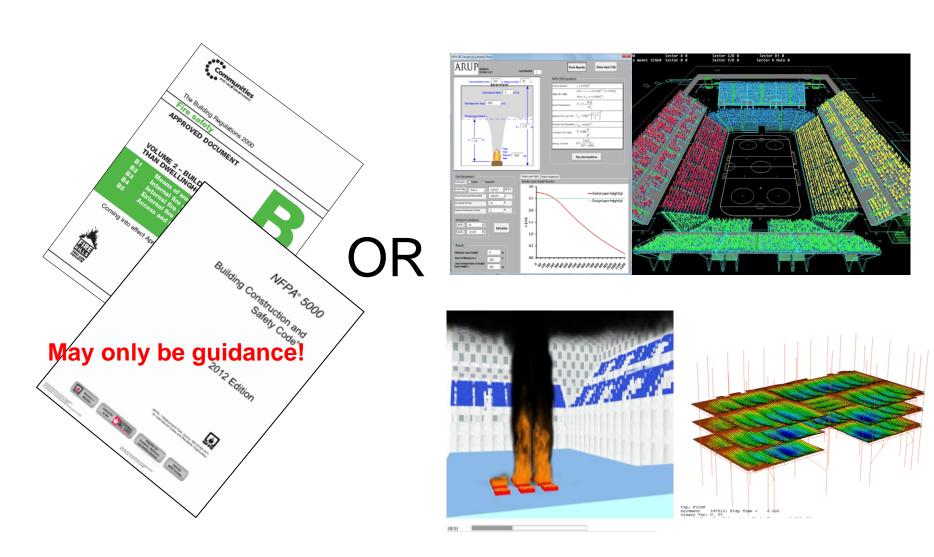
- The Software
- Applications

Section 3: Case Studies

Evacuation modelling

Section 1 – Prescriptive Code Vs Performance Based Design





A design is either prescriptive or fire engineered



Why use Fire Engineering/Performance based design?







So why use Fire Engineering?

- Cost savings removing unnecessary features
- Operational and business continuity
- Quality and functionality of space enabling architecture
- Improving commercial viability of the building end user requirements/obligations/security
- Sometimes a prescriptive solution is <u>simply not possible</u>.

Fire Escape Principles





Prescriptive Guidance – Traditional Assumptions for Buildings

What are the exit flow rates based on?

What is safe queuing time for occupants to escape?



Prescriptive Guidance – Traditional Assumptions for Buildings

What are the exit flow rates based on?

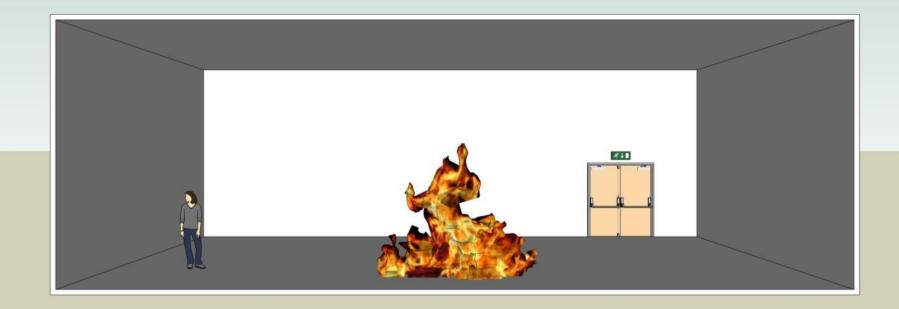
Research from the 40's

What is a safe queuing time for occupants to escape?

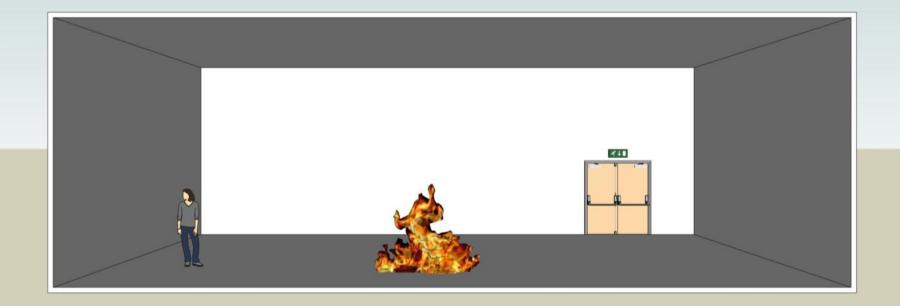
~ 2.5 minutes



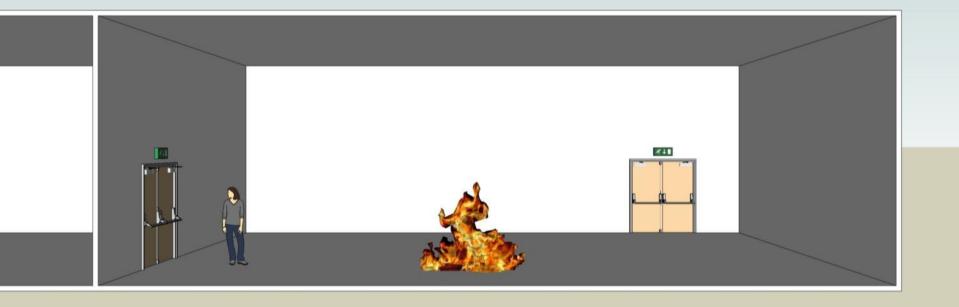
Performance based design – high ceiling



Performance based design – controlled fire load

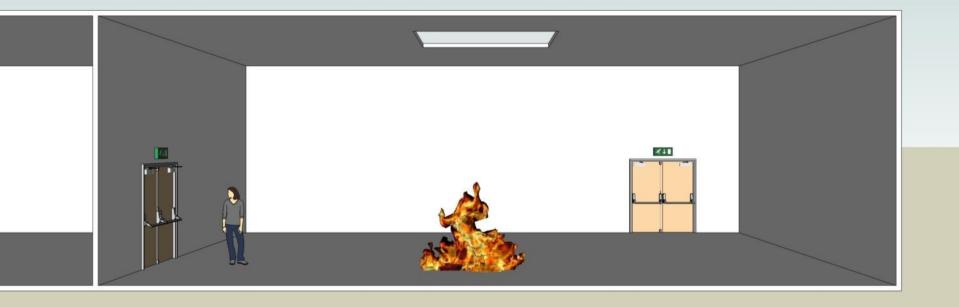


Performance based design – progressive escape

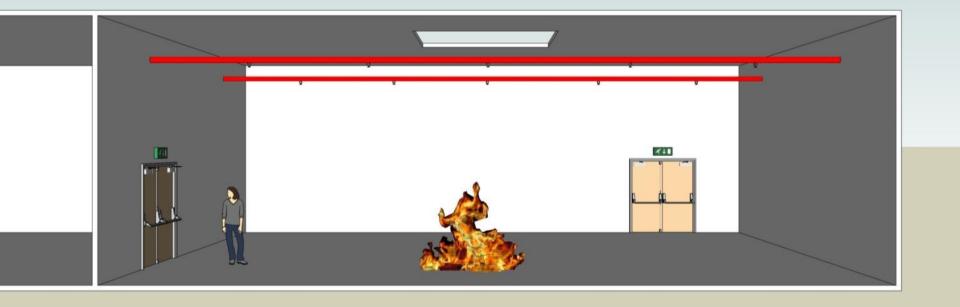




Performance based design – ventilation



Performance based design – sprinklers



Conventional Prescriptive Design	Performance based design
No or limited allowance for compensatory features	Fire Safety Features allow for relaxations in escape requirements
It's a one solution fits all approach	It allows flexibility in the design and can consider specific operational requirements
It can break down when considering complicated evacuation strategies or high populated spaces	It can be used for high populations, various scenarios and changing parameters
It can lead to significant over <u>or</u> under design	Potential to reduce the numbers of escape routes/Rationalise the design

Message 2:

Evacuation modelling can bring tailored solutions and flexibility where prescriptive guidance can't.







Section 2

MassMotion – evacuation modelling





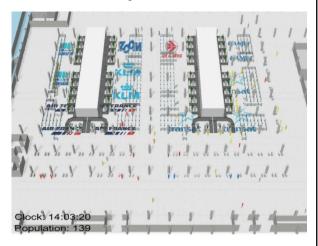
Mass Motion – The Software

- Product of Oasys-software (Arup In-house software firm).
- Pedestrian simulation for designing and optimizing high occupancy facilities.
- Create and model large scale (1,000,000+ individuals).
- Used in demanding pedestrian environments including
 - mass-transit stations,
 - performance venues,
 - o airports,
 - stadiums.
- Communicates complex problems in a highly visual manner.

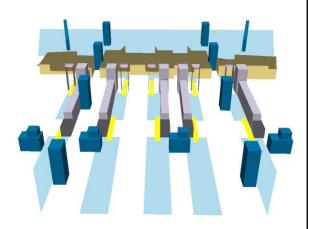
UNION STATION FUTURE EVENING PEAK

MassMotion capability

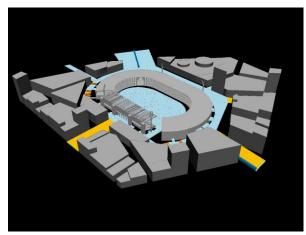
Transport facilities



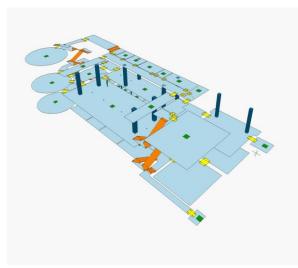
Process modelling



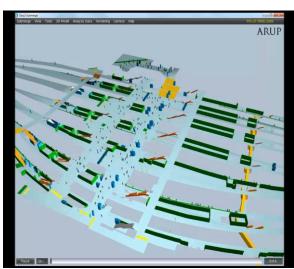
Crowd management



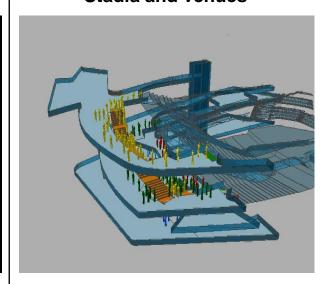
Existing buildings



Live construction environments



Stadia and venues



Section 3

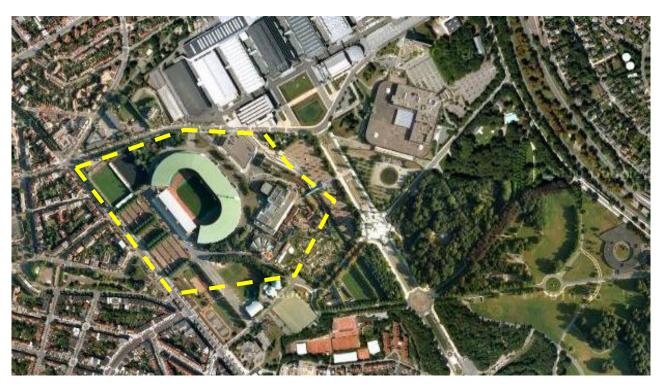
Case studies – Evacuation





European Stadium – Overview

- Land surrounding existing stadium to be developed.
- Currently ample space provided around the stadium for escape.
- Proposed master plan meant reducing the available space surrounding the stadium for escape.



European Stadium – Aims and Challenges

Masterplan client

 Maximising the potential land space for future construction by developing a design with a minimal amount of restrictions.

Stadium management

 Providing maximum future flexibility to cater for concerts, sports events and retail areas surrounding the stadium.

Masterplan architect

• Realising their vision for the expo centre while maintaining sufficient emergency provisions.

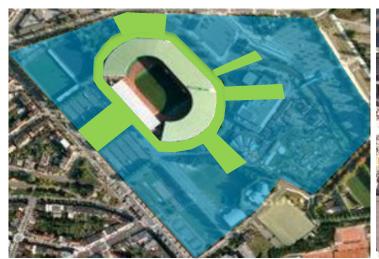
Local police

- Incorporating security locations at the entrances to the stadium.
- Providing locations for flexible fan segregation.

Emergency services

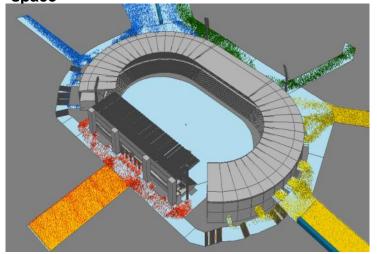
 Providing access to and from the stadium for ambulance and fire services in the event of an emergency.

European Stadium – Our approach

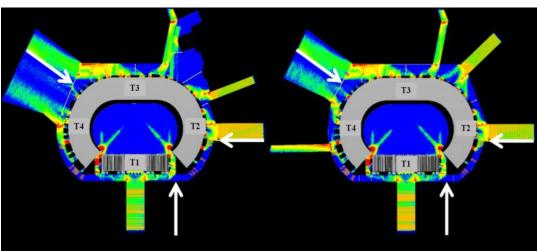


Proposed master plan with constrained space

Modelling approach simulated 80,000 persons for a concert mode

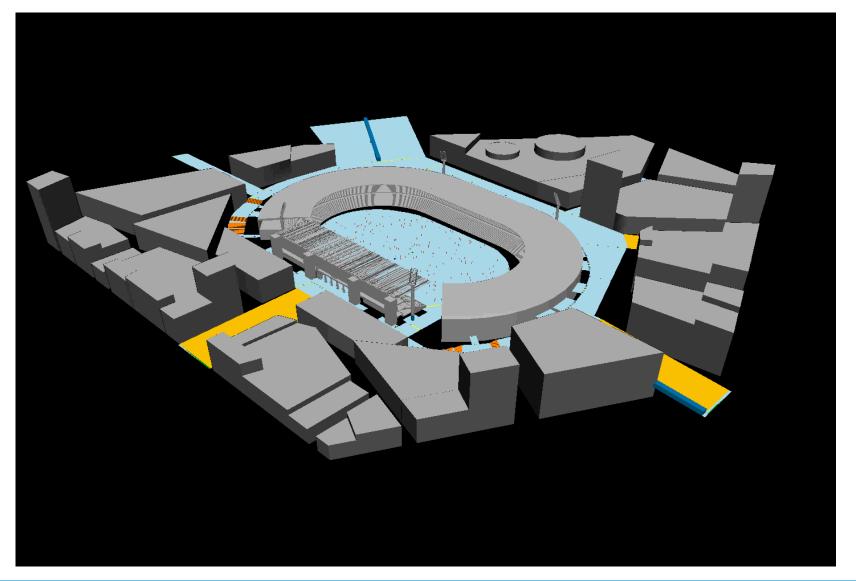


MassMotion model visual



Crowd density maps for different phases

European Stadium – Simulation Video



Birmingham New Street, UK - Overview

- Existing sub surface rail station with 12 platforms with a shopping centre located above.
- Accommodates over 140,000 passengers per day. Designed to accommodate half this number.
- Major refurbishment works currently on-going to train station and shopping centre.
- Construction value ~ £600M running from 2009 2015.





Birmingham New Street, UK – Aims and Challenges

Operational continuity

• All construction works are undertaken in a "live" transport hub and shopping centre.

Construction phasing

• The construction phasing programme provided demanding time scales for assessment of each new phasing option and required quick response.

Fire and population scenarios

• A large number of evacuation and fire scenarios needed to be assessed for each phasing option during the on-going construction programme.

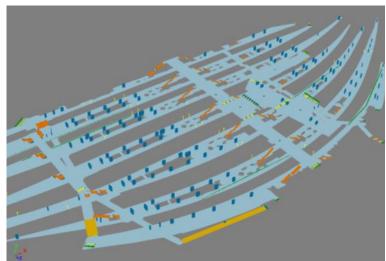
Traditional methods

• Traditional hand calculations took significant time to complete and presented difficulties in meeting the demanding deadlines.

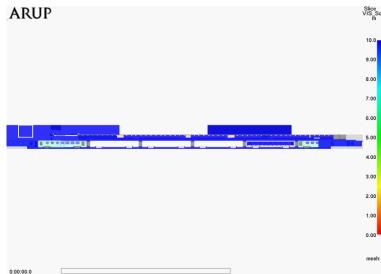
Stakeholders

• The results of the assessments needed to provide all stakeholders confidence that their decision making would not affect escape from the live building.

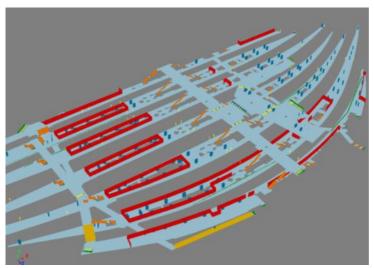
Birmingham New Street, UK – Our Approach



Typical model of existing situation



Typical results from CFD analysis for ASET



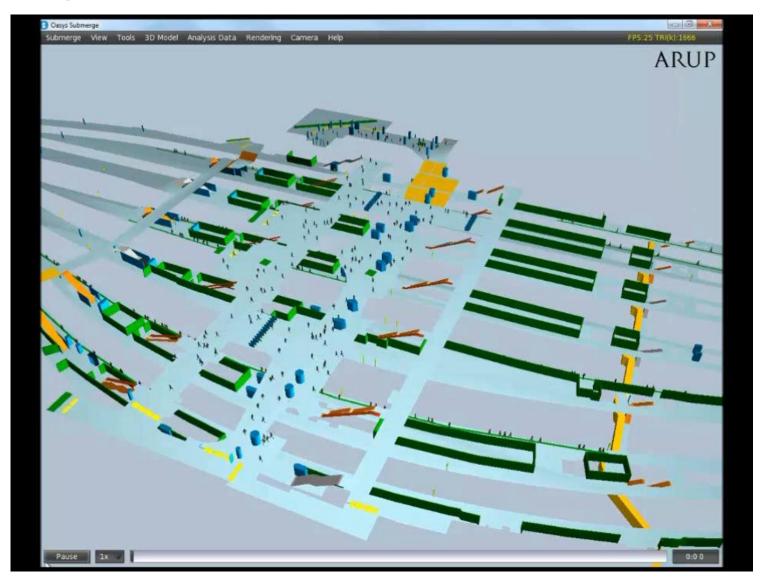
Typical model of one construction phasing option



Typical results of one construction phasing option



Birmingham New Street, UK – Simulation Video



Summary of Applications (Fire)

- Large exhibition spaces Indoor/outdoor events
- Airports
- Construction phasing
- Phased Evacuation/Progressive horizontal Evacuation
- Masterplanning
- Transport facilities Rail/Underground
- Sports Stadia
- Duplicate Services Ped Planning, Security etc

Message 3:

Modelling can bring value to numerous projects







Summary and Conclusion

- Fire Engineering Input at initial stages can assist in **identifying** and **realising** the goals,
- A coordinated approach is necessary,
- Evacuation Modelling can bring benefits and opportunities
- It can be used on various types of projects of all scales
- Provides clear visual representation of all possible scenarios
- It allows for **flexibility** tailored to **complement** as opposed to conflict with the operational strategy.

Thank You

