The Tools to Verify Fire Safety of Products



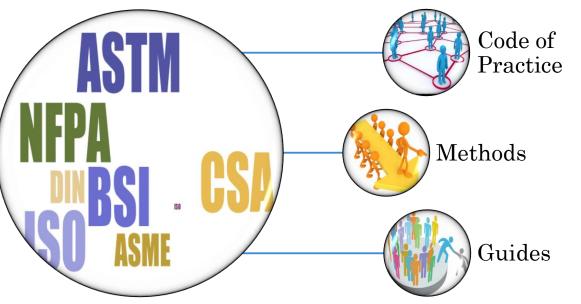






Types of Standards

Jubai



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- Codes of practice recommend sound good practice as currently undertaken by competent and conscientious practitioners.
- Methods are also highly prescriptive, setting out an agreed way of measuring, testing or specifying what is reliably repeatable in different circumstances and places
- Guides are published to give less prescriptive advice which reflects the current thinking and practice amongst experts in a particular subject

Joha



Codes of Practice

Recommend sound good practice as currently undertaken by competent and conscientious practitioners.

Joha

- BS 7121:Code of practice for safe use of cranes.
- AS/NZS 5848: Code of practice for bungy jumping
- BS 6266: Fire protection for electronic equipment installations. Code of practice

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• UAE Fire and Life Safety Code of Practice

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Saudi Building Code



Methods

are also highly prescriptive, setting out an agreed way of measuring, testing or specifying what is reliably repeatable in different circumstances and places

• ISO 11925-2: Ignitability of products

 b_{11}

- EN 13501-1 Fire classification of construction products & building elements.
- ASTMD 1929 Test Method for Determining Ignition Temperature of Plastics.
- EN 13823 Reaction to fire tests by a single burning item test
- NFPA 285 Fire Propagation Of Exterior Non-load Bearing Wall Assemblies
- UL 10C Standard for Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- EN 1634 1 Fire resistance test for door and shutter assemblies & windows

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Guides

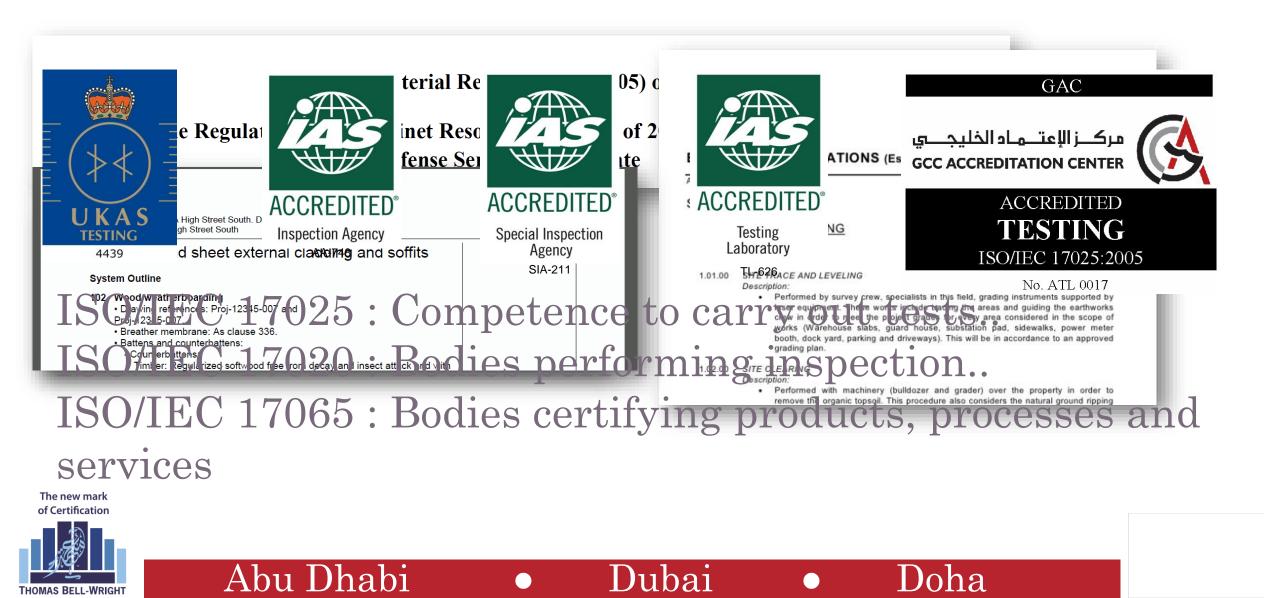
are published to give less prescriptive advice which reflects the current thinking and practice amongst experts in a particular subject

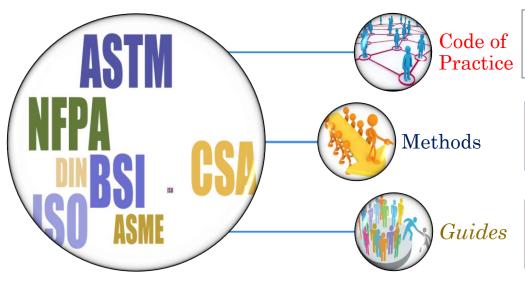
- ISO/IEC 17025: specifies the general requirements for the competence to carry out tests and/or calibrations, including sampling
- ISO/IEC 170<mark>2</mark>0: Requirements for bodies performing inspection
- ISO/IEC 1706<mark>5</mark>: Requirements for bodies certifying products, processes and services
- ISO/IEC 17024: Bodies operating certification of persons
- AA ADM: Aluminum Design Manual, 2015 Edition

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Usage of Standards





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Recommend **sound good practice** as currently undertaken by competent and conscientious practitioners.

Prescriptive, setting out an **agreed way of measuring, testing or specifying** what is reliably repeatable

Less prescriptive advice which is **current thinking and practice amongst experts** in a particular subject

Joha

Tools to establish conformity to standards and codes

Cladding Example

Jubai





WIKIPEDIA The Free Encyclopedia

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Interaction Help Cladding (construction)

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Article Talk

It has been suggested that this article be merged with Siding. (Discuss) Proposed since March 2018.

Cladding is the application of one material over another to provide a skin or layer. In construction, cladding is used to provide a degree of thermal insulation and weather resistance, and to improve the appearance of buildings.^[1] Cladding can be made of any of a wide range of materials including wood, metal, brick, vinyl, and composite materials that can include aluminium, wood, blends of cement and recycled polystyrene, wheat/rice straw fibres.^[2] Rainscreen cladding is a form of weather cladding designed to protect against the elements, but also offers thermal insulation. The cladding does not itself need to be waterproof, merely a control element: it may serve only to direct water or wind safely away in order to control run-off and prevent its infiltration into the building structure. Cladding may also be a control element for noise, either entering or escaping. Cladding can become a fire risk by design or material.

تصفيح (بناء) أعدا

Joha

Solution Not logged

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Search W

التصفيح أو التكسية (بالإنجليزية: Cladding) في المباني يشير إلى الطبقة الخارجية لهيكل المبنى بهدف مقاومة الضغوط الميكانيكية والعوامل الكيميائية والغلاف الجوي، بالاضافة إلى انه يمثل مرحلة تشطيب على مستوى جمالي.

هو تنفيذ أحد المواد على أخرى في الطبقة الخارجية للمباني لتوفير طبقة خارجية تهدف إلى السيطرة على ظروف الطقس، أو لأغراض جمالية. لا يشترط أن يكون التصفيح عاز لا المياه، إلا إنه يؤدي إلى توجيه مياه الأمطار أو الرياح بطريقة آمنة ومنع تسللها إلى هيكل المبنى. يتم تنفيذ التكسية أيضا على الشبابيك في بعض الأحيان ضمن تخصص هندسي نادر [[[^{انص مبهم}]]] وُخذ أحمال الرياح بعين الاعتبار، ويجب أيضا معرفة الأحجام القياسية المتوفرة من مادة التصفيح سواء كانت حجرية أو معدنية كالنحاس أو الألمنيوم أو غيرها، للحد من هدا خفض التكاليف. ويعتمد اختيار أى نظام تكسية على التأثير الجمالي المطلوب، كما أن البناء الهندسي يمكن أن يكون التصفيح عاز لا الميام، إلا إنه يؤدي

تعتبر التكسية المعدنية دائمة، وخفيفة الوزن مقارنة مع المواد والتقنيات الأخرى، كما إنها قابلة لإعادة التدوير بعد إنتهاء العمر الإفتراضي للبناء. ويمكن استخدام التصفيح في التسقيف / أو في أعمال الواجهات بحيث تكون أرخص من الألواح أو أنواع البلاط، خصوصا عندما تؤخذ قوى التحمل بالاعتبار، واللون الدائم، بألإضافة إلى عدم الحاجة للصيانة وخفة الوزن.[3]

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ystem

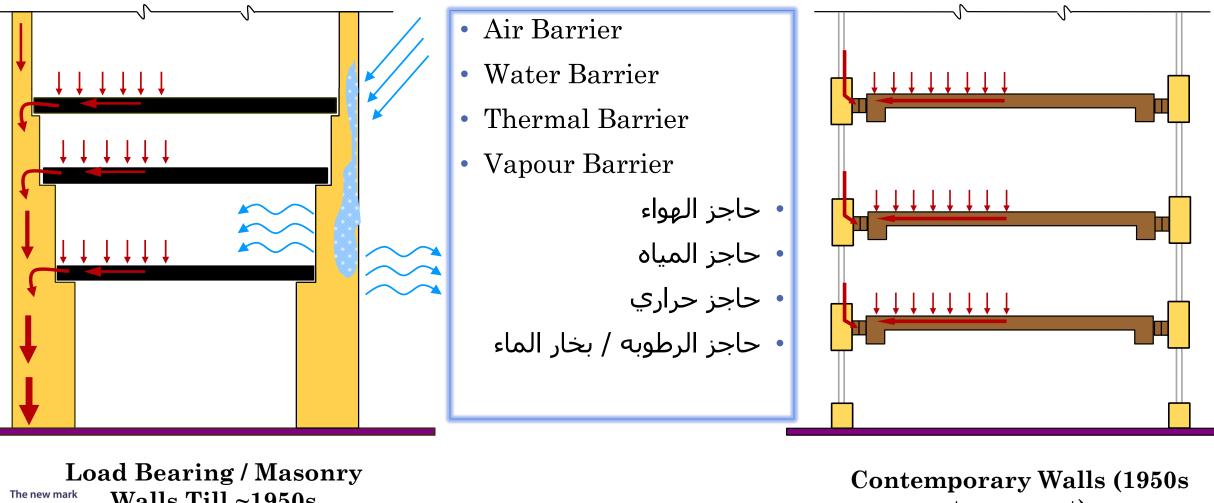
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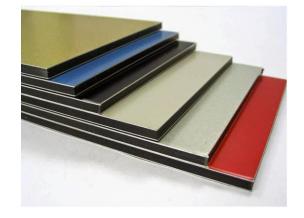
or



Functions of Façade or Cladding System









Materials For Cladding

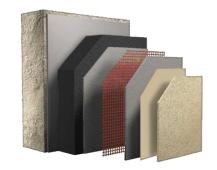
- Air Barrier
- Water Barrier
- Thermal Barrier
- Vapour Barrier

- حاجز الهواء
- حاجز المياه • حاجز حراري



مواد التكسية









• حاجز الرطوبه / بخار الماء







ACP (Aluminum Composite Panels) **Fiberglass Batt Cavity Insulation** Metal Framing With Type X < **Coated Glass Mat Exterior Gypsum Sheathing Taped Joints At Insulation** Atlas EnergyShield[®] PRO or PRO2 (shown) Polyisocyanurate Continuous Insulation In The Wall & Under Slab ACM/MCM Panel Cladding With Attachment System CUD ThermalSta Atlas Thermal X-Grade[®] EPS **Rigid Continuous Insulation** At Foundation Abu Dhabi Dubai Doha **THOMAS BELL-WRIGHT**



THOMAS BELL-WRIGHT

Approval of Cladding System

Risk Assessment

Fire Consultant | Façade Specialist | Contractor

Assembly test or tests

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Material Reaction to Fire Tests

Dubai

NE CWELE

Certification & Listing

(OPV)

Doha



Inspection

Calorific Value

Flame Spread, Smoke



Material Testing













Single Flame Source



Calorimeter



Ignition Temperature of Plastics

Flame Spread, Smoke Developed

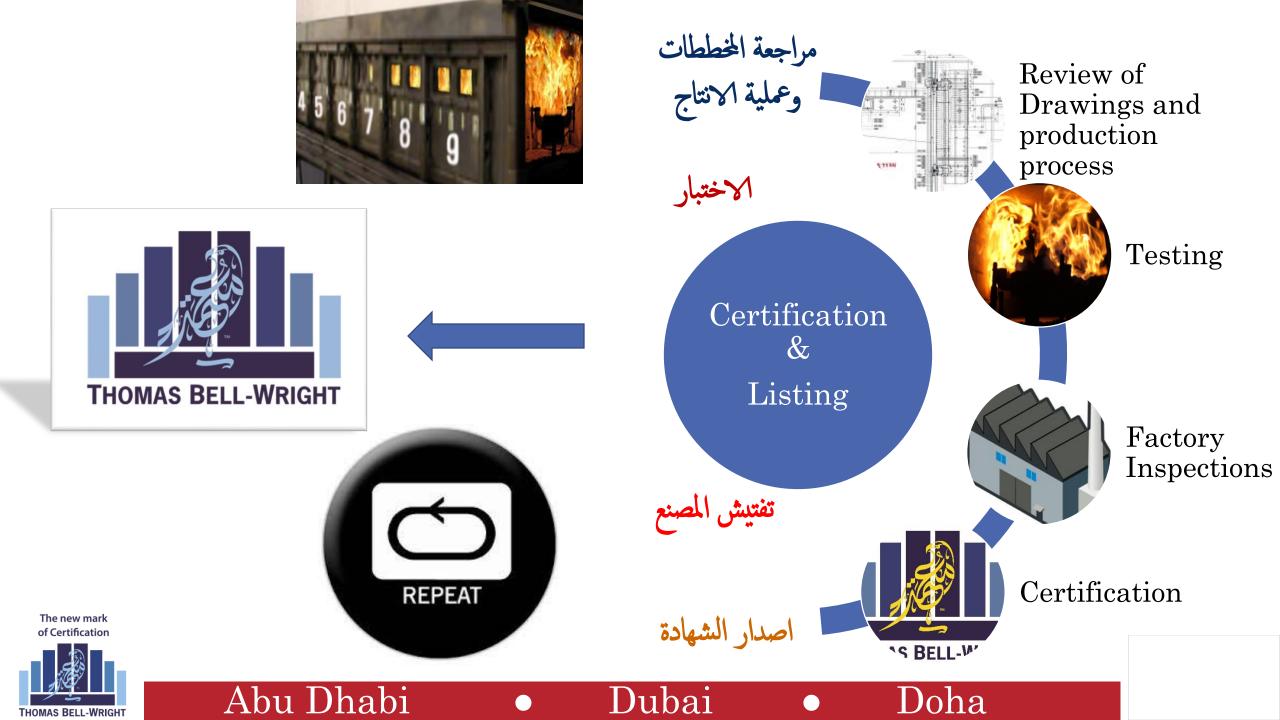


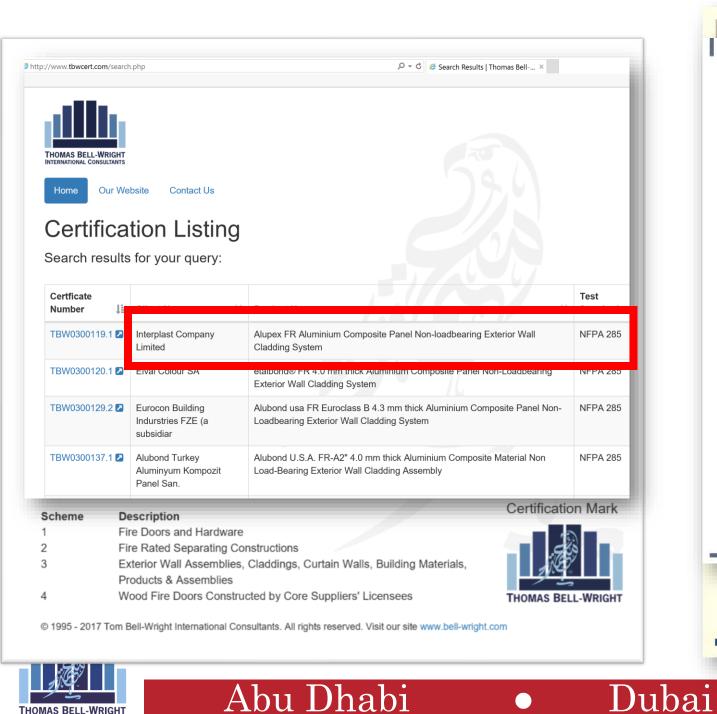


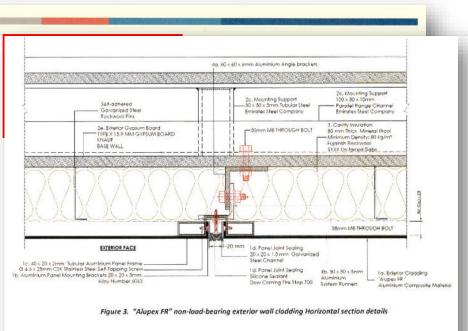
Non-Combustibility Test

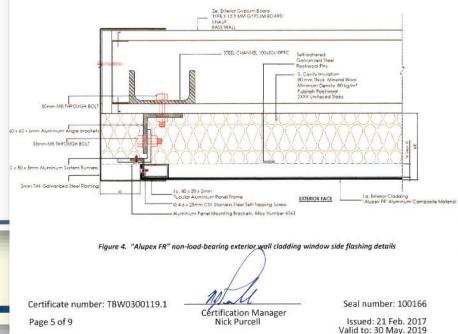












Joha



Assembly

Tests

Assembly Tests

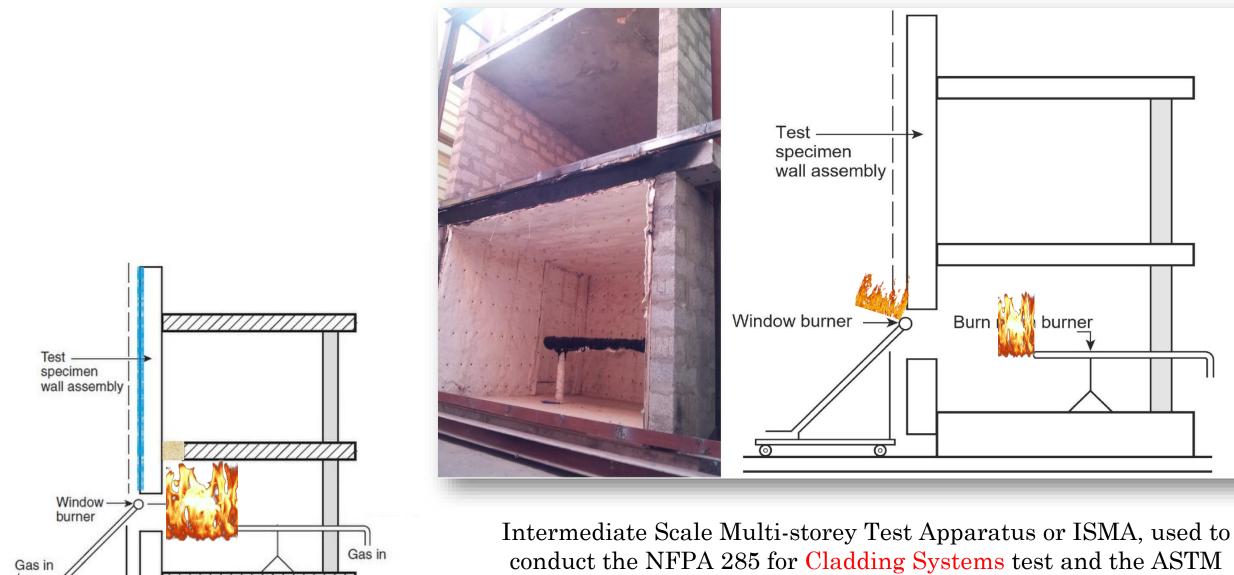
The new mark of Certification



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Dubai





Dubai

E2307 test Firestops

Doha



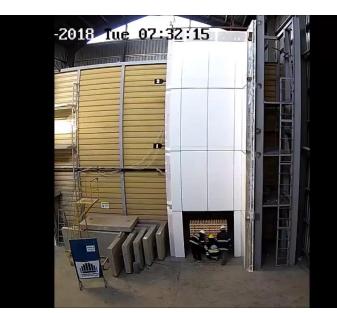
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What can go wrong



BS 8414 part 2

NFPA 285





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Inspections at Site

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Workmanship



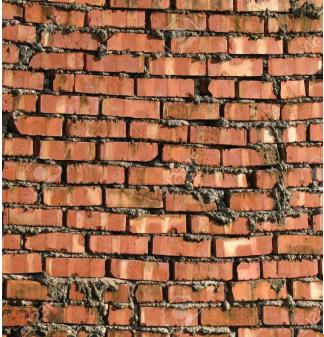












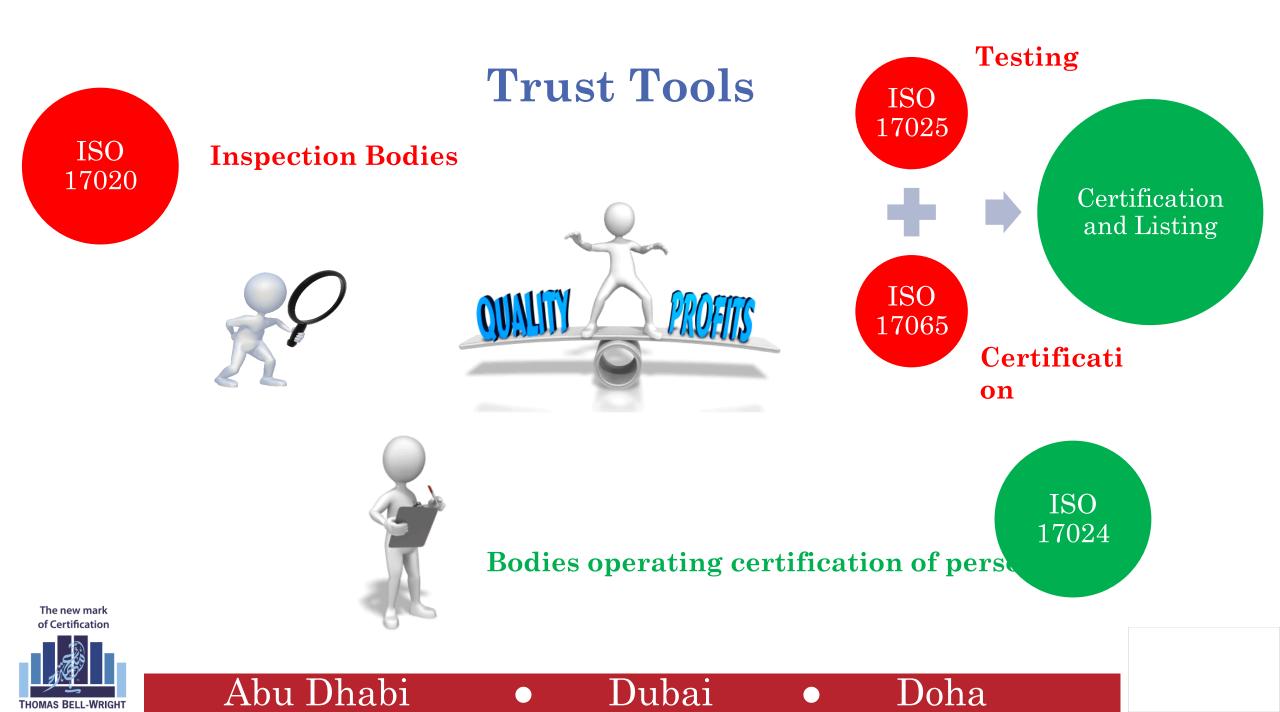




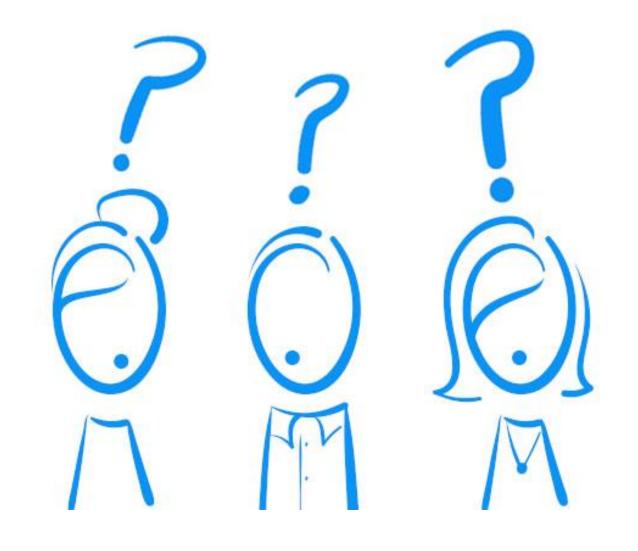
Doha







Discussions



The new mark of Certification





Dubai

